14 PAGES—FIVE CENTS

DL. LXXVIII., NO. 97.

Most Sensational Attack Upon Executive Ever Heard in Halls of Congress.

OF BILLINGSGATE," EPITHETS USED

puse Holds That Speaker Exceeds License of Debate and Cuts off Torrent of Fierce Invective.

FASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Characterg President Roosevelt as a gargoyle
as "this pigmy descendant of
the trades people," and charging him
h having "established a court in the
House which would have deite House which would have deg President Roosevelt as a gargoyle te House which would have deheart of his admirer, Alex-Hamilton," Mr. Willett of New in the house of representatives made one of the most bitter atthe chief executive ever

d in that body. Mr. Willett took his theme "The Passing of Roose-" and in a speech of great length, with numerous of the president's stace he came into office and scathdenounced them.

Ier declaring that in the face of
orts of conditions. Americans were
seed of a universal sense of humor.
Willet said to such people "it

ms himself be sense of humor, ing like a horse-tender over the hay of American activities; stirring up t drying blade of once green grass, t it fall drier than before; quarge one day with the practical policies, and with the part your hair insiddle reformers, then with the Soold race suicide, cannot be an un

He plays the tyrant to be sure, but a a tyrant who fears the carnival of Magna Charta, beliowing about ffete bill of rights or even ready to for freedom, for freedom of speech, freedom of press, as did our un-zed ancestors at Lexington and or hill."

workeriences as a cowboy, down to the
th the ent time, and accused him, in his
soon by manhood, of having had preposyor flus notions; of having 'knifed'. yor milus notions; of having "knifed" il forestary Long; of being "a warrior require in Cuba;" of having wen the government in Cuba; "of having wen the government is a war above his head; the houef iciary intion issaesins, and last, as a crowning to since of luck, the nominee for president imates in all the aggressive elements of pascottary and the second in the control of the wanted to see their own candidate the fact to laugh with every appearance; have it left its native quarry."

In his minimum, Mr Willett said:

Exception to Rules,

Exception to Rules, in set And Mr. Chairman, should the gen-paris blen who view this curious figure been who view this curious figure of the longer and a minimum ask me how will be son of Adam can be at the same robable a hay tedder, a jocularity and a mode flower I can only answer that this councillar hero is an eccentric exception all rules, a solecism sui-generis, ixed metaphoryivant, an impossi-CIDE F: a comet that roves at will, re-exact that apply to earth and moon, to and planets.

He boasts of Irish blood; but no

of Fire Irishman would have treated an North as he treated Mr. Harriman. a mate exults in a strain of the old inustenct, but the French gentleman does more ly into a passion and lash the horse timid young girl whose only offense lvertently passing the royal part-mblic highway. Even Lonis XIV of that sort of a tyrant, and Henry ted owner that sort of a tyram, and thuge that Henry of Navarre, the great Huge the backing, wore the white plume of the backing wore the white plume of the same asse oblige.

He tells us that southern aristo i were among his polyglot an-ors; but I can inform him that if wife of a Robert Toombs or of a rights of a Robert Toombs or of a chirson Davis had been treated by me as Mrs. Miner Morris was, he will have been called out or brauded so coward, if he had been a thousand

a president. proud to insist that the y whose name he bears comes Holland, but his ready surrender he politicians of his own party s it clear enough that fat burghers put up their shutters at the beat of the war drum must have his progenitors. He beats the

his progenitors. He bents the however, as even his severest must confess, must confess,
re you shocked that a chief magisshould justify such characteriza.
I am shocked, too. Do you say
the place he holds should make
dumb hefore him? Hear what
ountain of Billingsgate has said
predecessors in that high office,
wat that no man's tongue should
fled by such a consideration."
quoted from President Roosevelt's
in which the president is al-

have attacked Washington.

OF ROOSEVELT IN HOUSE epresentative Willett of New York Makes

SARGOYLE," "TYRANT," "FOUNTAIN

Cites the Record. course," said Mr. Willett. "Of course," said Mr. Willett,
"these condemnations roar as gently as
any cooing dove when compared with
his denunciation of John Paul Jones
as a 'pirate' of Napoleon the Great as
'utterly unscrupulous,' of New England's idolized Wendell Phillips as al-

ways 'either mischievous or ridiculous, and usually both'; of Thomas Paine, the first champion of American liberty, as 'a filthy little atheist'; of miracle-believing Roman Catholics as 'persons of arrested mental development; of Quakers as 'quite as undesirable citi-zens as duelists.' But he has been frank enough in abusing other presi-dents to shut the lips of his defenders on the dignity of the presidential office.''

on the dignity of the presidential office."

Mr. Willett declared that "consistence is a jewel which the gargoyle is always throwing to the swine."

No king, he said, in any limited monarchy was ever half so exigent, or ever half so implacable. "For a precedent," he added, "you must go back to Napoleon the Great, the oldest member of the gargoyle's Ananias club, who used to ask the wives of his thirty favorites whether they could only afford one gown a year; who said once to the wife of one of his fighting marshals, "Your dress is dirty," and who insisted on doing all the matchmaking in his official circles."

Historic Contrasts.

Historic Contrasts.

The democracy of Lincoln, he said, the bluff Americanism of Grant and Cleveland, the equally American suavity of Arthur and McKinley had passed into history, "along with the joviality of Garfield and the non-conformist thrift of Barbarden."

to the nobility of monarchial countries as the scien of a family of trading Dutchmen can concoct."

At this juncture Mr. Willett called the roll of the so-called Ananias club, and said:

"The earth is intoxicated and reels around our jocularity. He alone is the personification of sobriety, temperateness of statement, calmness in speech and action. The ever-moving and action. The ever-moving hay tedder hurries over the field, throwing upward the clover of politics, the timothy of zoology, the bluegrass of history, and letting each blade fall a drier than it was before.

"Jealousy you can read in the gar-goyle's distorted features. You look on those twisted lines and it is easy, oh, so easy to understand the insolence toward democracy; the one great figure of the Spanish-American war, the hero who took Manila with the worst ships rotten bureaueracy can find for

The president, Mr. Willett declared, showed his teeth at all real heroes, "because real heroes are gall and wormwood to bogus ones."

Makes More Charges.

Continuing his denunciation, Mr. Willett charged that the president had bulldozed President Castro, had seen the Filipinos brutally treated, had marooned Cal. Stewart, whom he did not floored Cal. Stewart, whom he did not-like; had kept a young woman from carning an honest living for telling the truth, had allowed "scandalous condi-tions to exist in the army and navy." had compelled his subordinates "to act as hunting dogs for the ezar of Russia, as hunting dogs for the ezar of Russia, in trailing down men who have fought for liberty''; had practically re-established the John Adams alien and sedition laws, had forced desertions from the navy by allowing intolerable treatment of sailors ''at the hands of the aristocracy of Annapolis officers.'' had permitted the degrading of soldiers at West Point who had been put to menial work, and had given a Scotch verdict in connection with the alleged Panama scandal. Panama scandal. In conclusion, he said, among other

things:

'You may say, then, that one individual gargovic does not count for so much after all. No, not in the development of the centuries, but he counts vitally and continuously, as affecting the people who have to live under him. And the change from a Nero fiddling while Rome is burning to Vespasian calmly devoted to securing as good government as tendencies will permit, is a change to be as devoutly welcomed us as by the ancient Romans.

Speaker Called Down.

Several times in the course of Mr. Villett's remarks he was called to order by Mr. Hughes of West Virginia. 'I call him to order,' Mr. Hughes exlaimed. 'He is going ahead with a of of rot that neither the house nor he country is interested in.'

Mr. Butler of Pennsylvania, in the Continued on Page Two.

THINKING IT OVER IN WASHINGTON



"I Wonder Whom They Will Elect to the Senate From Utah."

MOYER TURNED DOWN BY SUPREME COURT

Former President of Miners' Federation Cannot Recover for His Imprisonment.

preme court of the United States today decided against former President Moyer of the Western Federation of Miners in the damage suit brought by thrift of Rutherford B. him against former Governor Peabody Hayes."

"We have a king and a court now," Mr. Willett exclaimed, "as good an imitation of the real thing known because of his alleged connection with

> Former Adjutant General Sherman Bell of Colorado also was named as a miners employed in that vicinity and the militia was sent to Telluride to quell what the governor and General quell what the governor and General Bell claimed was an insurrection. Mover an active factor in the agitation, was arrested and imprisoned on the charge of fomenting trouble. He applied to the state courts for a writ of habeas corpus and, when this was of habeas corpus and, when this was refused, brought suit in the United States circuit court for the district of Colorado for damages on the ground that there had been no authority for his detention. His petition was dismissed for the reason that Judge Lewis, sitting in the federal court held that sitting in the federal court, held that he was without jurisdiction. Moyer then applied to the Supreme court, which, in an opinion delivered by Justice Holmes, the court today affirmed the ruling of the circuit court.

BIG WESTERN STOCK SHOW IS OPENED IN DENVER

DENVER, Jan. 18 .- In the present of 2000 speciators, including state offi-nals, members of the legislature, city the fourth annual western stock the fourth annual western stock show was opened today, and incidentally the magnificent new pavilion, the permanent home of the show association, was formally opened. The amphitheater has seating accommodations for 6000, and 12,000 persons can be comfortably placed within its walls if standing room is resorted to. When the show opened today nearly twelve hundred head of the weaking stock were on exhibition thoroughbred stock were on exhibition, with more on the way. This is in addition to the filled pens of the local stock yards company, which are nearby. The show will continue through

SEELEY DRIVEN TO DEATH BY FINANCIAL TROUBLES

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 18.—Inquest into the death of W. L. Sceley, his wife and daughter will be held tomorrow. Developments today indicate that it is a double murder and suicide, Seeley had reached the end of his means, had borrowed money, saw no way to pay it back, and let false pride keep him from making known his desperate financial straits to his friends or relatives, and ended the struggle by killing his wife and daughter and then himself. He had been well-to-do and had lost everything.

Ruef Case Still Drags.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 18.—Attornoya for Abraham Ruef, who was sentenced to fourteen years in San Quentin upon a conviction for bribery, were granted to-day an additional thirty days to complete the bill of exceptions upon appeal from the verdict and indepent. The court had previously permitted twenty days for this purpose.

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Domestic.

President is thereely denounced by Congressman Willett of New York

Government may have struck awag in "Panama canal libel suits" suits 1 Involuced as "Apostile of the Square Deal" . 1
Secretary Garrield wants another \$100,000 to probe land trauds 1
Moyer's damage suit lest in United States supreme court. 1
William Guggenhelm's former wife brings second suit for divorce 2

Local.

New Gould depot to be rushed 12 More men needed in fire depart-ment 14 City to buy ground for store-.14 Southeastern section of city

Sporting News.

FLOODS PLACE NEVADA CITIES IN DARKNESS

RENO, Nev., Jan. 18.—High water and landelides put the several power plants that supply electric lights and power to liene. Carson and Virginia City out of commission last night, leaving these places in total darkness. Further slides this morning damaged the plants. Street cars, electric elevators, the Sparks rall-road shops and all plants depending on electric power are closed. Newspaper plants have installed gasoline engines and will get out small editions.

Damaged rallroad tracks have been repaired and the first trains from the west in three days, overland passengers Nes. I. I and 4, are due to arrive from San Francisco at 9 o'clock tonight. Fair weather prevails and no more storm trouble is feared.

Daring Jail Break.

BUTTE, Mont., Jan. 18.—A dispatch to be Miner from Phillipsburg, Mont., states hat Sam Gholsin, Frank Turner and Clarence Black burrowed their way out of ne jail at that place last night, their scape being discovered lifteen minutes ater. Officers were hurriedly dispatched wer the different mountain trails and Sheriff J. D. Kennedy succeeded in capuring the mon at Crashaw's ranch on lock creek. The trio are awaiting trial or having stolen the sheriff's horses.

Youths Lynch Negro.

HOPE, Ark., Jan. 18.—After forcing the engineer of the light plant to cut off the current, leaving the town in darkness, a party of young men took a negro named Hilliard from the county jail early today and hanged him to a telegraph pole. The negro had spoken insuitingly to a woman.

ROOT UNANIMOUS CHOICE FOR SENATOR

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 18,— Elihu Root, secretary of state in President Reosevelt's cabinet, was the unanimous choice of the Republican legislative cancus to night to name a candidate to succeed United States Senator Thomas C. Platt, whose term of office will expire on March 4.

Secretary Garfield Submits Report Showing 32,000 Cases of Alleged Fraud.

> information of alleged astounding frauds upon the public lands has come into the possession of Secretary Garfield through special agents. The allegation is made that approximately \$110,000,000 worth of lands in states principally west of the Mississippi river have been fraudulently acquired tions and individuals.

WANTS MORE CASH TO

With a view of recovering these lands, Secretary Garfield today sent let-ters to Chairman Hale and Chairman Tawney of the senate and house ap-propriation committees, respectively, asking for an additional appropriation of \$500,000, which, if granted, with that already asked for, will give the department \$1,000,000 for that purpose. Secretary Garfield also submits a statement of H. H. Schwartz, chief of the field service, showing over 32,000 distinct cases of alleged land frauds distinct cases of alleged land frauds demanding further investigation. Of such cases awaiting investigation, there are in Oregon 1462; California and Nevada, 1409; Washington and northern Idaho, 1325; Montaua, 3605; Colorado, 8621; Arizona, 496; Wyo-ming, 21,155; Utah, 1482; and New Mexico, 1205.

GOLDMAN AND HER COMPANION STILL HELD

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 18.—Emmi SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 18.—Emma Goldman, the anarchist, and Benjamin Reitman, known as her advance agent, who were arrested here several days age, are still in custody pending settlement of the charges of conspiring to bring about a riot, preferred against them. In the case of the woman bail was reduced from \$4000 to \$2000, and in Reitman's case a reduction from \$4000 to \$500 was granted. The prosecuting attorney obtained a continuance in order to await the determination of habeas corpus proceedings undertaken labeas vorpus proceedings undertaken

to procure a release of the prisoners.

It is regarded as likely that new complaints, charging the prisoners with
misdemeanor, will be issued, and that misdemeanor, will be issued, and that the district afformey will endeavor to present a test case, defining the holding of incendiary meetings as a crime

WOODBURY, DEMATOLOGIST. BLOWS OUT HIS BRAINS

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—John H. Woodbury, who had been engaged for some years in the business of removing facial deformities and otherwise improving the personal appearance, committed suicide at the Sea (liff inn at Coney Island today by sheeting himself in the head.

It is believed that Mr. Woodbury had been much worried by suits brought against him by several persons who al-leged that his treatment had been harm-ful.

Killed by Elevator.

TACOMA, Wash., Jan. 18.—Robert Spaulding, fanitor in the city hall, was killed in the elevator this morning. He was in the freight cage beneath the passenger cage of the elevator, and the operator was not aware of his presence. As the elevator started Spaulding was about to step out of the rage. His skull was crushed and he expired in a short time.

Seven Burned to Death.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., Jan. 18.—Seven foreigners, who are said to have been simpled from liquor secured at a wedding celebration, were burned to Death.

PRESIDENT HAILED AS AN "APOSTLE"

'Apostle of the Square Deal,' Says Bishop Cranston in Introducing Executive.

ROOSEVELT ADMITS HE CAN USE THE "BIG STICK'

Urges Methodists to Help Him Give the Square Deal to Japan.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.-Intro duced by Bishop Cranston as the "Apostle of the Square Deal," President Roosevelt, in an address tonight at the African diamond jubilee mass meeting held in the Metropolitan Memorial M. E. church, which the late President McKinley attended, declared that he would not come before a Methedist gathering if it had not attempted to give him a square deal.

"In addition to the square deal in our own country," he continued, "I want the Methodists and others to help me give the square deal to Japan. I will see to it that in doing this our own citizenship is protected.

Can Use Big Stick.

"You know I am not a mere sentimentalist. I am not in the least afraid of invoking the 'big stick' if it is necessary, but I should be ashamed to inessary, but I should be ashamed to invoke it unless it was necessary. And I want to see us, while insisting on justice being done us, equally careful to do justice to others. The national government, by agreement with the Japanese government and through the hearty and spontaneous initiative of the Japanese government, has been able to achieve a completely satisfactory solution of all possible difficulties, of all possible questions that could be tory solution of all possible difficulties, of all possible questions that could be at issue between our people and the Japanese people. It is only the federal government that can with wisdom and propriety deal with those questions; and I ask all good Americans to see to it that unwise men, foolish men do not jeopardize, to their own harm and to the harm of the locality, the arrangement that is now working out so satisfactorily to the government of the United States and the government of Japan." PROBE LAND GRAFT

Inted States and Japan."

The president declared that the Methodists of the country had been an inspiration to him during the seven and a half years of his presidency. He referred to the fact that this was the last public speech he would make in this city as president of the United States.

Preceding the president's address, Bishop Hartzell spoke of the mission ry work being done by the church in Vice-President Fairbanks will speak

at the closing of the jubilee, to be held tomorrow night in the Asbury M. E.

PRESIDENT WILL LET TAFT SETTLE TARIFF

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18 .- President WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—President Roosevelt today declined an invitation to attend the national tariff commission convention, to be held at Indianapolis, February 16, stating that he did not desire to interfere in a question which should be, and will be, settled by his successor. The president added that he had several times expressed himself in favor of a general tariff comself in favor of a general tariff comself in favor of a general tariff com-

The invitation was presented Henry Reisenberg of Indianapolis. Riesenberg has received a letter from President-elect Taft on the subject of

a commission.

The letter follows.

"I agree with you in the advantage of having a permanent tariff commission, and if the coming tariff bill should make such a provision, it would meet my views exactly."

BINGHAM MAN SLIGHTLY INJURED IN WRECK

PUEBLO, Colo., Jan. 18.—Four persons were slightly injured in an accident that occurred last night on the Missouri Pacific railroad, two miles west of Pultney, Colo. The accident is believed to have been caused by spreading rails. ing rails.
The injured include Martin Tessick,
Bingham, Utah, sprained right arm.

KINDLES FIRE WITH GASOLINE AND DIES

EL PASO, Texas. Jan 18.—Evidently believing that a can contained kerosene instead of gasoline, Mann Headstrom, living five miles from Roby, Texas, poured some of the fluid into a stove to hasten the fire, and when it ignited an explosion followed, which resulted in the death of Headstrom and his five-year-old son. Five other members of the family were badly burned.

Foraker Denies Rumor.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18—Senator J. B. Foraker, in a signed statement today, set at rest the story that after his re-tirement from the senate March 1 he would become the counsel for the discharged negro soldlers of the Twenty-fifth infantry. The story, he says, is not true and he adds that he could not accept such employment should it be tendered. Both Senator Foraker and Bishop Johnson Denny know of no fund being raised for the defense of the discharged negro soldiers.

GOVERNMENT MAY HAVE STRUCK SNAG

Question Raised as to Right to Force Testimony in Alleged Libel Cases,

CONTENTION THAT THE SUBPOENAS ARE ILLEGAL

Matter Left Undetermined at Close of Day's Arguments Before Judge Ward.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18 .- The right of the five employees of the New York ·World, subpocuaed to appear before the federal grand jury to give information presumably regarding the publication of alleged libelous matter reflecting upon the integrity of the United States government, to ignore the said subpoenas on the ground that their issuance was an abuse of process, was left undertermined at the close of today's hearing of the case in the United States circuit

After arguments by United States District Attorney Stimson, representing the government, and Delancey Nicoll and John M. Bowers, representing the World men, Judge Henry C. Ward gave both sides until tomorrow at 4 o'clock to submit briefs.

When Trouble Comes.

When Trouble Comes.

The examination of the World's men was hallted by an order obtained by counsel for the World's editors, calling upon Mr. Stimson to show cause why the subpoceases should not be quashed.

Several other witnesses, in whose behalf no injunction was obtained, were called before the grand jury to give evidence today. The first to be examined was H. H. Bjonson, who is said to be connected with the Washington office of Sullivan & Cromwell, lawyers. Mr. Cromwell had a prominent part in the acquisition of the Panama canal. Mr. Bjonson said that he was questioned as to whether the firm of Sullivan & Cromwell had offered to pay for the supression of stories about the canal. He said that he replied that he knew nothing about it, as he was otherwise engaged at the time of the canal negotiations.

Witnesses Were Waiting.

Witnesses Were Waiting.

Witnesses Were Waiting.

Other witnesses, who were waiting to, go before the grand jury, were D. M. Engelman of the International News, who said he went aboard to investigate the canal purchase and on his return submitted a report to the national Democratic committee, which after wards got into the pages of the World.

Jonas Whitley, formerly of the World. but now in the offices of Sullivan & Cromwell; A. C. Crosev of the Boston American, and John I. Weis of the New York American, were also waiting their turn to testify.

J. M. Bower J. M. Bowers, of counsel for Mr. McLaughlin and Mr. Shaw, argued that the form of subpoens was illegal in asmich as he, following concluding words of the subpoens, "in a certain suit now pending and undetermined in this said court between the United States," were crossed out, making the subpoens read to "testify to what they may know generally." Bowers.

may know generally."

Mr. Bowers held that the subpoena was illegal, masmuch as it did not state the nature of the inquiry or the person accused, and that the proceeding was an abuse of process.

Government's Contention.

District Attorney Stimson, speaking for the United States, argued that the form of subpoeua had been used in practice in this district for lifty years and were recognized by all the states of the United States.

Mr. Stimson said:

"The same situation arises in a corporate examination to find out who is responsible. It is often impossible to find out who is responsible in a corporation. How can we name the man accused until we know who is to be indicted?"

Judge Ward interrupted to say that Judge Ward interrupted to say that this was a case of practice and that no one should be given an opportunity of bringing a mnu before the grand jury and rake about his affairs to make eriminal of him.

RAYNER WANTS HIS INFORMATION QUICKLY

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—A resolution was introduced today by Senator Rayner of Maryland calling on the attorney-general for information concerning the bringing of a suit for libel against certain newspapers. Mr. Rayner asked for immediate consideration, saying the only purpose was to get information whether this suit had been ordered, whether it was brought at the instance of the president under what statute, by whom ordered, and by what power and authority the courts are being used to forward this suit.

the courts are being used to forward this suit.

The resolution went over until temorrow, under senate rules, objections to immediate adoption having been led by Senator Lodge.

The suit which President Roosevelt is believed to have ordered brought against the Press Publishing company of New York, on account of charges in the New York World that certain well-known persons, including Douglas Robinson, brother-in-law of the president, and C. F. Taft, brother of the president-elect, were interested in the purchase of the Panama canal property, inspired the Rayner resolution.

Addressing the senate in support of the resolution.

Addressing the senate in support of the resolution. Mr. Rayner said there was no law which warrants a suit fer libet of the government.

Questions the Law.

"If any suit is being prosecuted," sald Mr. Rayner, "we want to know under what statute it is being brought, because what statute it is being brought, because we ought to have an opportunity to repeal that statute on the ground that it is violation of the constitution because it abridges the freedom of the press.

"If the attorney-general is not proceeding under some statute then he is violating the laws of the country."

Mr. Lodge suggested that it was important to know whether this was a libel the soverneed or was being brought the government or was being brough y the attorney-general on behalf of in

Mr. Rayner retorted that he proposed

Continued on Page Two.